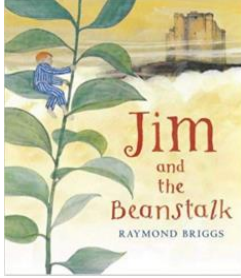
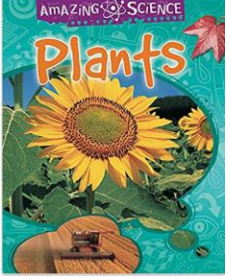

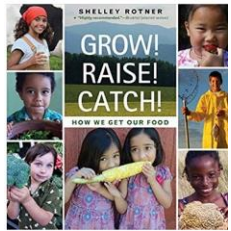





YEAR 2 GEOGRAPHY – WHY DOES IS MATTER WHERE MY FOOD COMES FROM?

| Tier 3 Vocabulary | Knowledge Facts | Book Curriculum |
|--|--|---|
| Grassland - A large open area of country covered with grass, especially one used for grazing. | A dairy farm is a farm that keeps herds of cows in order to produce milk that is either then sold fresh or used as an ingredient in dairy products. |   |
| Dairy Product - A product containing or made from milk. | Devon is one of the best places in the UK for dairy farms because of it's weather and it has lots of grasslands. | |
| Refrigerate – Foods that kept in the fridge in order to chill, keep cold and preserve it. | One of the most sold dairy products in the UK is cheese. Farms in Devon can send their cheese as far away in the world as Australia. | <h2 style="margin: 0;">Other recommended reads</h2> |
| Rainfall - The quantity of rain falling within a given area in a given time. | Bananas can grow in Costa Rica and not in the UK because of their hot and wet climate. Costa Rica is closer to the Equator and we need to trade with Costa Rica so that we can have bananas here. | |
| Temperature – How hot or cold something is. | Britain produces one million tonnes of sugar every year (only half of what we eat). It is important to have some sugar in our diets but not a lot so we can maintain a healthy lifestyle. | |
| Harvest - The process or period of gathering in crops. | <p>National Curriculum End Points</p> <p>Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country.</p> <p>Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features.</p> <p>Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.</p> | |
| Import -Bring goods into a country from abroad for sale. |  |   |
| Export -Send goods to another country for sale. | |   |
| Trade - The action of buying and selling goods. | | |